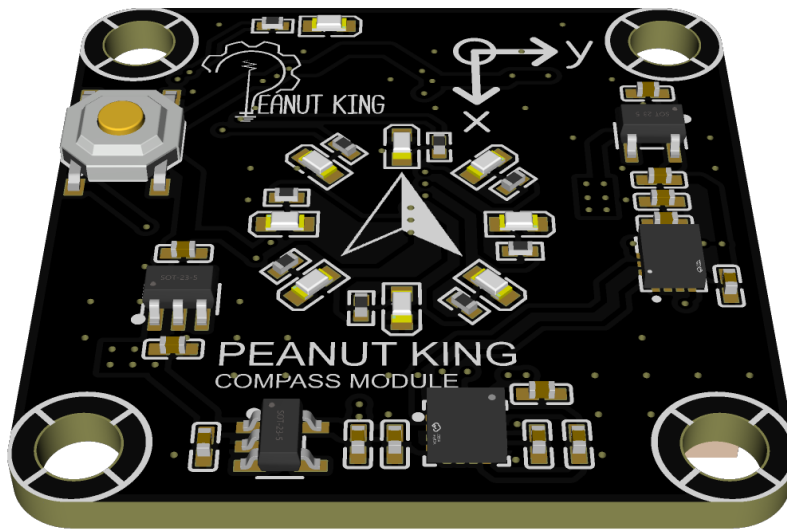


Compass module V2.8



Introduction

Compass module is a yaw rate sensor. Employing a 3-Axis Digital Compass IC HMC5883L and 6-axis MEMS MotionTracking device ICM-42670-P that combines a 3-axis gyroscope and a 3-axis accelerometer. The Compass module is able to measure the vertical axis in degrees.

Features

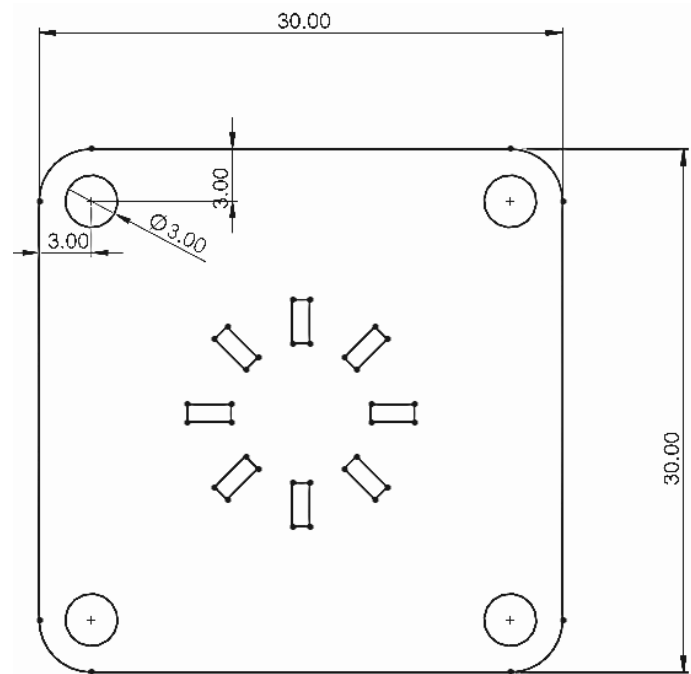
- STM32L051 Microcontroller embedded
- Reset north point by pressing left side button
- Display north point with LED
- Cold start time < 0.3s

Specification

- Power supply voltage: 4.5 ~ 5.5V DC
- Operating current: ~ 0.7 mA
- Operating temperature: -40 ~ 85°C
- Operating Humidity: <90%
- Size: 30 mm x 30 mm x 10 mm
- Weight: 4.2g
- Interface: I²C Standard-mode 7-bits address
- 7-bits I²C address: 0x08
- Return data: 0-359

Compound

Front:



Interface



XH2.54

GND
VCC
SCL
SDA



Arduino

Related Links:

Arduino library Link:

https://github.com/peanut-king-solution/PeanutKing_ArduinoShield

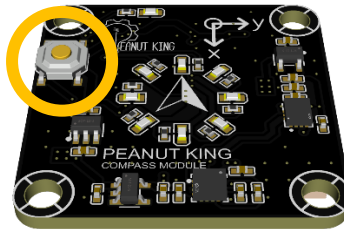
Micro: bit library link:

<https://github.com/peanut-king-solution/pxt-pks-shield>

Compass Calibration

In some cases, your compass reading may be distorted because of some external interference. Here are the steps to calibrate the compass.

Step1: Press and hold the reset button for 2 seconds until all indicators flash.



Step 2: Rotate the robot in an anticlockwise direction for at least 1 turn, slowly and steadily. Keep the indicator pointing in the same direction while turning the robot.



Rotate until all the indicators flash again to end the calibration process. Check the indicators by rotating the robot and see if the indicators point correctly. If the readings are still distorted, re-do the above steps.

Communication Bus Interface I²C and Its Address

This device, functioning as a slave, will be connected to the master device via I²C, under master control through a serial interface.

This device is compliant with I²C-Bus Specification. As an I²C compatible device, this device has a 7-bit serial address and supports I²C protocols. This device supports standard mode 100kHz.

The default I²C address is 0x08

If others I²C address options are required, please contact factory

Register Map

Addr.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Access
0x40H	ACC_X_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x41H	ACC_X_RAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x42H	ACC_Y_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x43H	ACC_Y_RAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x44H	ACC_Z_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x45H	ACC_Z_RAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x46H	GYR_X_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x47H	GYR_X_RAW LSB[8:0]								Read only
0x48H	GYR_Y_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x49H	GYR_Y_RAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x4aH	GYR_Z_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x4bH	GYR_Z_RAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x4cH	MAG_X_RAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x4dH	MAG_X_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x4eH	MAG_Y_RAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x4fH	MAG_Y_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x50H	MAG_Z_RAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x51H	MAG_Z_RAW MSB[15:8]								Read only
0x52H	Reserved								/
0x53H	Reserved								/
0x54H	Reserved								/
0x55H	Reserved								/
0x56H	COMPASS_YAW LSB[7:0]								Read only
0x57H	COMPASS_YAW MSB[15:8]								Read only

Register Descriptions

1. Registers 0x40 to 0x45 – Accelerometer Measurements

ACC_X_RAW_MSB, ACC_X_RAW_LSB, ACC_Y_RAW_MSB, ACC_Y_RAW_LSB, ACC_Z_RAW_MSB and ACC_Z_RAW_LSB

Type: Read Only

Description:

These registers store the most recent accelerometer measurements.

The acceleration in m/s^2 for a given register value may be computed as:

$$\text{Acceleration in m/s}^2 = (\text{ACC_RAW Register Value as a int16_t}) * 16.0 * 9.81^1 / 32768$$

2. Register 0x46 to 0x4b – Gyroscope Measurements

GYR_X_RAW_MSB, GYR_Y_RAW_LSB, GYR_Y_RAW_MSB, GYR_Y_RAW_LSB, GYR_Z_RAW_MSB and GYR_Z_RAW_LSB

Type: Read Only

Description:

These registers store the most recent gyroscope measurements.

The angular acceleration in rad/s^2 for a given register value may be computed as:

$$\text{Angular acceleration in ms}^{-2} = (\text{GYR_RAW Register Value as a int16_t}) * 1000 / 32768$$

3. Registers 0x4c to 0x45 – Magnetometer Measurements

MAG_X_RAW_LSB, MAG_X_RAW_MSB, MAG_Y_RAW_LSB, MAG_Y_RAW_MSB, MAG_Z_RAW_LSB and MAG_Z_RAW_MSB

Type: Read Only

Description:

These registers store the most recent magnetometer measurements in each axis.

Each axis has 16 bit data width in 2's complement, i.e., MSB of 0x4d indicates the sign of Y axis.

The output data of each channel saturates at -32768 and 32767.

4. Register 0x56 to 0x57 – Compass Yaw Measurements

COMPASS_YAW_LSB, COMPASS_YAW_MSB

Type: Read Only

Description:

These registers store the most recent calculated compass yaw angle.

The yaw angle in degree for a given register value may be computed as:

$$\text{Yaw angle in degree} = (\text{COMPASS_YAW Register Value as a uint16_t}) / 100$$

The calculated compass yaw angle bounded from 0 to 359.

¹ 9.81 refers to the acceleration due to gravity on Earth. This value can be replaced with a more precise decimal value for increased accuracy.

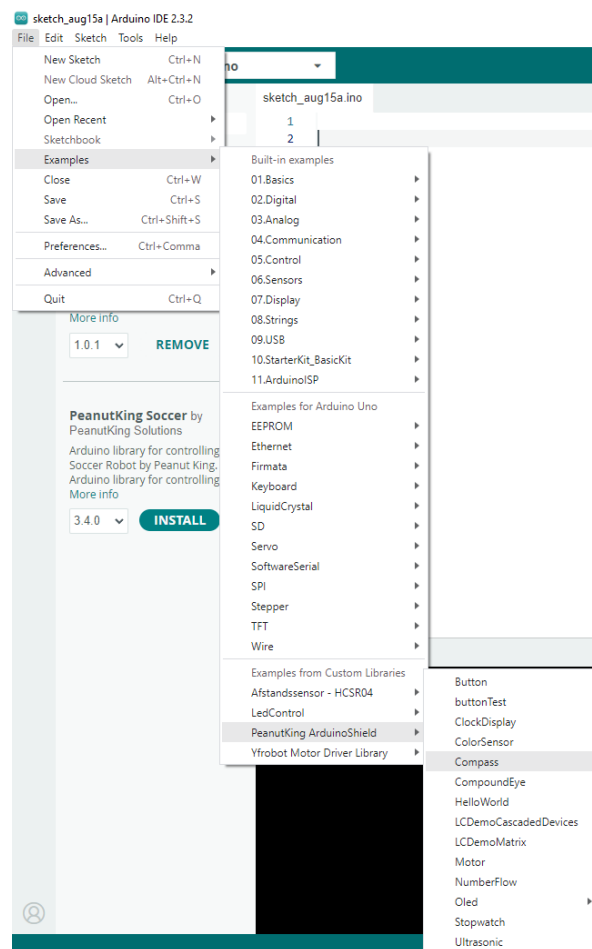
Connection

Peanut King Uno Shield/ micro: bit Robot Shield

Use 4 pin connecting cable to connect with the Shield

Sample Code

Path: File → Examples → PeanutKing ArduinoShield → compass



```
#include <PeanutKingArduinoShield.h>
```

```
PeanutKingArduinoShield robot;
```

```
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
}
```

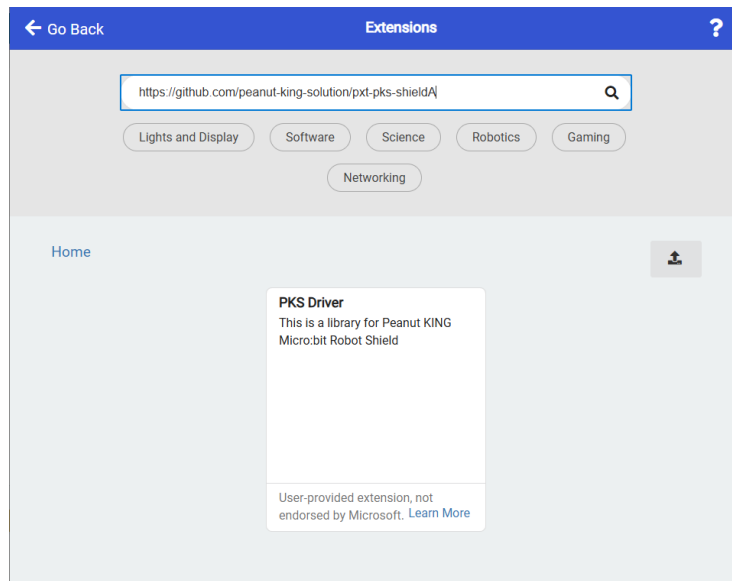
```
void loop() {
  int compass_value = robot.compassRead();
  Serial.print("compass_value: ");
  Serial.println(compass_value);
}
```

Micro: bit Robot Shield

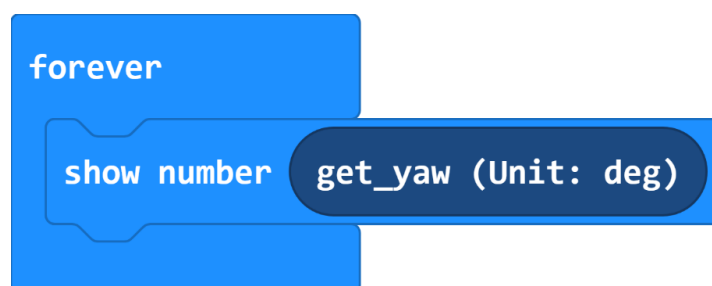
Use 4 pin connecting cable to connect with Micro: bit Robot shield

Install PeanutKing Micro:bit Robot Shield extension

Path: Extension → enter "https://github.com/peanut-king-solution/pxt-pks-shield"



Sample Code



Revision Information

Change from 1.0 (April ,2026) to current version	Page
2.0	10

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